

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Perma-Lock™ Medium Strength Threadlocker - Blue



## Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: Perma-Lock™ Medium Strength Threadlocker - Blue
Product code	: 24206, 24213, 24236, 24250
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### Identified uses

Threadlockers provide a reliable and superior lock and seal for threaded fasteners. Ideal on all mechanical parts, body assemblies, and hundreds of other applications to prevent loosening of fasteners from shock and vibration.

Uses advised against	Reason
See information supplied by the manufacturer.	

Supplier's details : J-B Weld Company  
400 CMH Road  
Sulphur Springs, TX 75482 USA  
info@jbweld.com  
Tel: +1 (903) 885-7696  
Website: [www.jbweld.com](http://www.jbweld.com)

Emergency telephone number : InfoTrac For US and Canada (24 hour): 1-800-535-5053

## Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture : ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4  
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2  
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1  
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1  
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

### GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : Causes skin irritation.  
May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
Causes serious eye damage.  
Harmful if inhaled.  
May cause respiratory irritation.  
May cause cancer.  
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### Precautionary statements

## Section 2. Hazards identification

### Prevention

:  Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

### Response

:  If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

### Storage

:  Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

### Disposal

:  Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

### Hazards not otherwise classified

:  None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### Substance/mixture

: Mixture

### Other means of identification

: Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> α-dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide	≥1 - ≤5	80-15-9
propane-1,2-diol	≥1 - ≤5	57-55-6
cumene	≥0.1 - ≤1	98-82-8
methyl methacrylate	≥0.1 - ≤1	80-62-6

The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret in accordance with § 1910.1200 (i)

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

#### Eye contact

:  Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

#### Inhalation

:  Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

## Section 4. First aid measures

### Skin contact

:  Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

### Ingestion

:  Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

##### **Eye contact**

:  Causes serious eye damage.

##### **Inhalation**

:  Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.

##### **Skin contact**

:  Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

##### **Ingestion**

:  No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

##### **Eye contact**

:  Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain  
watering  
redness

##### **Inhalation**

:  Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing

##### **Skin contact**

:  Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
redness  
blistering may occur

##### **Ingestion**

:  Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
stomach pains

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

#### Notes to physician

:  Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

#### Specific treatments

:  No specific treatment.

#### Protection of first-aiders

:  No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

### See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media** :  Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** :  None known.

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

**Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

**Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide  
metal oxide/oxides

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

**For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

**Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

**Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
$\alpha$ , $\alpha$ -dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide	<b>OARS WEEL (United States, 4/2022).</b> <b>Absorbed through skin.</b> TWA: 1 ppm 8 hours.
propane-1,2-diol	<b>OARS WEEL (United States, 4/2022).</b> TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
cumene	<b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).</b> <b>Absorbed through skin.</b> TWA: 50 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 245 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.
	<b>CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</b> <b>Absorbed through skin.</b> TWA: 245 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	<b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</b> <b>Absorbed through skin.</b> TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 245 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	<b>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).</b> <b>Absorbed through skin.</b> TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 245 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	<b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).</b> TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours.
methyl methacrylate	<b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).</b> TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 410 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.
	<b>CAL OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</b> STEL: 410 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 205 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	<b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</b> TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 410 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	<b>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).</b> TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 410 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
	<b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). Skin sensitizer.</b> TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.

#### Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**Appropriate engineering controls** : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

**Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

### Skin protection

**Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### Appearance

**Physical state** : Liquid.

**Color** : Blue.

**Odor** : Mild.

**Odor threshold** : Not available.

**pH** : Not available.

**Melting point/freezing point** : Not available.

**Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range** : >200°C (>392°F)

**Flash point** : Closed cup: >93.3°C (>199.9°F)

**Flammability** : Not available.

**Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit** : Not available.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

**Vapor pressure** :

Ingredient name	Vapor Pressure at 20°C			Vapor pressure at 50°C		
	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
methanol	126.96329	16.9				
methyl methacrylate	27.75236	3.7				
cumene	3.72032	0.5				
propane-1,2-diol	0.15	0.02	EU A.4			
α, α-dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide	0	0				

**Relative vapor density** : Not available.

**Relative density** : 1 to 1.5

**Solubility in water** : Not available.

**Miscible with water** : No.

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not applicable.

**Auto-ignition temperature** :

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
α, α-dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide	148.85	299.9	
propane-1,2-diol	371	699.8	
methyl methacrylate	400	752	DIN 51794
cumene	424	795.2	
methanol	455	851	DIN 51794

**Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

**Viscosity** : Dynamic: 1000 to 1200 mPa·s (1000 to 1200 cP)

**Particle characteristics**

**Median particle size** : Not applicable.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity** :  No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability** :  The product is stable.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions** :  Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** :  No specific data.

**Incompatible materials** :  No specific data.

**Hazardous decomposition products** :  Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
$\alpha$ , $\alpha$ -dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	220 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	382 mg/kg	-
propane-1,2-diol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	20 g/kg	-
cumene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	39000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1400 mg/kg	-
methyl methacrylate	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	78000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7872 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
$\alpha$ , $\alpha$ -dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
propane-1,2-diol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	168 hours	-
				500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Woman	-	96 hours 30 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Child	-	96 hours 30 % C	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Human	-	72 hours 104 mg I	-
cumene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	86 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 10 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 mg	-

#### Sensitization

Not available.

#### Mutagenicity

Not available.

#### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

#### Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP	
cumene	-	2B		Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.
methyl methacrylate	-	3	-	

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### Teratogenicity

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
$\alpha$ , $\alpha$ -dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
cumene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
methyl methacrylate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
$\alpha$ , $\alpha$ -dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide	Category 2	-	-

### Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
cumene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

**Information on the likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

<b>Eye contact</b>	: Causes serious eye damage.
<b>Inhalation</b>	: Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
<b>Skin contact</b>	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
<b>Ingestion</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

<b>Eye contact</b>	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
<b>Inhalation</b>	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
<b>Skin contact</b>	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
<b>Ingestion</b>	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### Short term exposure

<b>Potential immediate effects</b>	: Not available.
<b>Potential delayed effects</b>	: Not available.

#### Long term exposure

<b>Potential immediate effects</b>	: Not available.
<b>Potential delayed effects</b>	: Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

<b>General</b>	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
<b>Mutagenicity</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Reproductive toxicity</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Perma-Lock™ Medium Strength Threadlocker - Blue	11360.1	16666.7	7333.3	N/A	N/A
α, α-dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide	382	500	220	N/A	N/A
propane-1,2-diol	20000	20800	N/A	N/A	N/A
cumene	1400	N/A	N/A	39	N/A
methyl methacrylate	7872	N/A	N/A	78	N/A

## Section 12. Ecological information

#### Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
α, α-dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide	Acute LC50 12.7 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> - Larvae	96 hours
propane-1,2-diol	Acute EC50 >110 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
cumene	Acute LC50 1020000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 710000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i>	96 hours
	Acute EC50 7.4 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Artemia sp.</i> - Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 10.6 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
methyl methacrylate	Acute LC50 2700 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>	96 hours
	Acute LC50 130000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> - Adult	96 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
α, α-dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide	1.6	9	Low
propane-1,2-diol	-1.07	-	Low
cumene	3.55	35.48	Low
methyl methacrylate	1.38	-	Low

#### Mobility in soil

**Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)** : Not available.

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

### Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### United States - RCRA Toxic hazardous waste "U" List

Ingredient	CAS #	Status	Reference number
alpha,,alpha-Dimethylbenzylhydroperoxide (R)	80-15-9	Listed	U096

## Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.

### Additional information

**DOT Classification** : **Reportable quantity** 10 lbs / 4.54 kg [0.95947 gal / 3.632 L]. Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not available.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

**U.S. Federal regulations** : **TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption:** Not determined  
**Clean Water Act (CWA) 311:** methyl methacrylate

**Clean Air Act Section 112** : Listed

**(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)**

**Clean Air Act Section 602** : Not listed  
**Class I Substances**

## Section 15. Regulatory information

**Clean Air Act Section 602** : Not listed

### Class II Substances

**DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)** : Not listed

**DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)** : Not listed

### SARA 302/304

#### Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

**SARA 304 RQ** : Not applicable.

### SARA 311/312

**Classification** : ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4  
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2  
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1  
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1  
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

#### Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
$\alpha$ , $\alpha$ -dimethylbenzyl hydroperoxide	$\geq 1 - \leq 5$	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 ORGANIC PEROXIDES - Type E ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION - Category 1B SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
propane-1,2-diol	$\geq 1 - \leq 5$	SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B
cumene	$\geq 0.1 - \leq 1$	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2B CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
methyl methacrylate	$\geq 0.1 - \leq 1$	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

### SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
<b>Form R - Reporting requirements</b>	Perma-Lock™ Medium Strength Threadlocker - Blue	-	$\geq 80$

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

### State regulations

**Massachusetts** : The following components are listed: CUMENE HYDROPEROXIDE

## Section 15. Regulatory information

**New York** : The following components are listed: Cumene hydroperoxide technical pure

**New Jersey** : The following components are listed: CUMENE HYDROPEROXIDE; PROPYLENE GLYCOL; METHYL ALCOHOL

**Pennsylvania** : The following components are listed: HYDROPEROXIDE, 1-METHYL-1-PHENYLETHYL; 1,2-PROPANEDIOL

### California Prop. 65

**⚠ WARNING:** This product can expose you to chemicals including Cumene, Titanium dioxide and cumene, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, and Methanol, which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to [www.P65Warnings.ca.gov](http://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov).

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Cumene, Titanium dioxide cumene Methanol	- - Yes.	-

### International regulations

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

### Inventory list

**Australia** : All components are listed or exempted.

**Canada** : All components are listed or exempted.

**China** : All components are listed or exempted.

**Eurasian Economic Union** : **Russian Federation inventory:** All components are listed or exempted.

**Japan** : **Japan inventory (CSCL):** Not determined.  
**Japan inventory (ISHL):** Not determined.

**New Zealand** : All components are listed or exempted.

**Philippines** : All components are listed or exempted.

**Republic of Korea** : Not determined.

**Taiwan** : All components are listed or exempted.

**Thailand** : All components are listed or exempted.

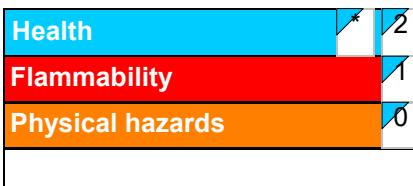
**Turkey** : Not determined.

**United States** : All components are listed or exempted.

**Viet Nam** : Not determined.

## Section 16. Other information

### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4	Calculation method
SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2	Calculation method

### History

<b>Date of printing</b>	:	12/4/2024
<b>Date of issue/Date of revision</b>	:	12/4/2024
<b>Date of previous issue</b>	:	6/3/2024
<b>Version</b>	:	3
<b>Key to abbreviations</b>	:	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations
<b>References</b>	:	Not available.

► Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

## Section 16. Other information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.